

ARCHITECTURAL DRAUGHTSMAN QUESTION BANK

HISTORY OF EGYPTIAN, GREEK AND ROMAN ARCHITECTURE AND CAD

1. What is the quick way to view the entire drawing area using the ZOOM command?
2. Which command convert discrete objects in (to) polyline?
3. What is the difference between the SCALE command from the command ZOOM?
 - a) Scale can reduce the shape while zoom can enlarge the shape
 - b) Scale for single project, while zoom for whole drawing
 - c) Scale changes the size of the objects, while the zoom changes the visibility of the project
 - d) No difference
4. What happens when a layer is turned off?
 - a. File space is saved when saving the file
 - b. Details on the layer cannot be seen
 - c. Details cannot be erased from the layer
 - d. It makes no real difference
5. What is the BREAK command used for?
 - a. Retrieve an erased object
 - b break a line into two
 - c. creates multiple copies
 - d. erase a line
6. Which one is an example of Egyptian architecture?
 - a. Ajanta Ellora caves
 - b) lingaraja temple
 - c) St. peter's basilica
 - d) pyramid of cheops
7. Which material was predominantly used in Egyptian architecture?
 - a. Granite
 - b) rubber
 - c) lime concrete
 - d) cement
8. Which river did Egyptian civilization started?
9. Which material was used for Egypt house constructions?
10. Which material was favoured for temples and tombs?
11. What kind of leaves did Egyptian use to decorate the columns?
12. Which one is an example of Egyptian architecture?
 - a) Stamba
 - b) gopura
 - c) obelisk
 - d) iconic column
13. What is the purpose of pyramid in Egyptian architecture?
 - a. To preserve the king and queen dead body
 - b. To preserve the jewels
 - c. To preserve the resources
 - d. To preserve the animals
14. What was the belief of Egyptian to preserve the bodies?
 - a. Life after death
 - b. they worshipped kings
 - c. kings control nature
 - d. kings are respected

15. Where is pyramid at giza constructed?
- North bank of congo
 - east bank of nile
 - west bank of nile
 - south bank of congo
16. What was the height of pyramid at giza?
17. What was the purpose of mustabas?
- Egyptian temple
 - Egyptian tomb
 - Egyptian houses
 - Egyptian column
18. What is the main feature of sphinx?
- It features cow head and a lion body
 - It features a lion head and a human body
 - It features sheep head and cow body
 - It features the king head and body
19. Which one is an example of Greek architecture?
- Mastabas at giza
 - colosseum at rome
 - parthenon at Athens
 - pantheon at rome
20. Which civilization had two eras – Hellenic period Hellenistic period?
21. Which type of column was the simplest form of column in Greek architecture?
- Coriantian order
 - ionic order
 - doric order
 - Tuscan order
22. What was the purpose of entablature in Greek architecture?
- Water drain
 - decorative purpose
 - parapet wall
 - takes complete load
23. Where is the temple of Zeus, Olympus located?
24. Which column order contains ram's horns in Greek style?
- Doric order
 - ionic order
 - corinthian order
 - Tuscan order
25. What is the shape of the temple of partheneon at Athens?
26. Which column style is used in parthenon at Athens?
- Ionic order
 - composite order
 - Tuscan order
 - doric order
27. Where is parthenon temple located?
28. What style of architecture is parthenon designed?
- Heptastyle ionic order with doric features
 - octastyle doric order with ionic features
 - Hexastyle ionic features
 - Persian style with doric order
29. How many flutes does each column contain in parthenon at Athens?
30. How many columns does parthenon at Athens consists?
31. Which one is the right statement that is said for roman architecture?
- Rome was more predominant
 - Rome was not built in a day
 - Rome was situated in the banks of rive nile
 - Rome has the simple structures

32. Basilica is an example of which style of architecture?
- a. Greek architecture b. roman architecture
c. Indian architecture d. buddist architecture
33. Which style of architecture brought concrete revolution?
34. What were the architectural forms of roman architecture?
- a. Flat roof and columns b. arch, vault and dome c. pyramid and mastabas g.gopurams
35. Which material was abundant in roman architecture?
- a. Concrete b.rubber c.plastic d.linoleum
36. City planning was firstly developed in which civilization?
37. What is the shape of panthenon temple at rome?
- a. Cylindrical with a portico b. square with a portico
c. square with a portico d. rectangle with a portico
38. What style of column does panthenon temple consists?
- a. Ionic column b.corinthian column c.tuscan column d.composite column
39. What is the roof shape of panthenon rome?
- a. Ribbed flat slab b. coffered concrete dome c. semi circular arch vault d.elliptical vault
40. What is panthenon’s large circle dome called
41. What was the main purpose of basilica at rome?
- a. It served as an hospital b. it served as a court c. it served as church d. it served as a sports area
42. What was the purpose of forums in roman architecture?
- a. It served as an temple b. it served as an amphitheatre
c. it served as an market place d. it served as a colony
43. Which civilization constructed the first largest bridge?
- a. Buddhist civilization b.roman civilization c.greek civilization d.egypt civilization
44. Which one is also known as Flavian amphitheatre?
- a. Basilican -rome b.coliseum -rome c. forum – rome d. panthenon-rome
45. What does the latin word basilica mean?
- a. Market place b. court c.public building d.the tribunal chamber of a king
46. Which city does st.peters basilica located?
- a. Paris b. spain c.new York city d.vatican city
47. What is the main characteristic feature of basilica?
- a. Bridge b. interior colannades c.vault d. dome
48. Where is colosseum located?
- a. Rome b.egypt c.greek d.india